

8. A feminine hygiene article, said article being placeable between the body of the user and undergarments worn by the user, said article comprising:

a base panel for absorbing moisture and having opposite ends, said base panel having a top surface and a bottom surface, said base panel having a peripheral edge, a lip being coupled to and extending upwardly away from said peripheral edge, said base panel being comprised of a cotton material, said base panel having a generally rectangular shape;

an upstanding member for directing flow of the moisture, said upstanding member having a top side, a bottom side and a peripheral wall extending therebetween, said bottom side being fixedly coupled to said top surface of said base panel, said upstanding member being located in a central portion of said base panel, said upstanding member being elongated towards the opposite ends of the base panel, said bottom side having a longitudinal axis orientated generally parallel to a longitudinal axis of said base panel, said top side having a generally convex shape, a length of said top side being approximately twice as long as a width of said top side; and

a sealing member, said sealing having a front side and a back side, said front side being fixedly coupled to said bottom surface of said base panel, said sealing member having a size and shape being substantially identical to said bottom surface of said base panel, said sealing member comprising a plastic, said sealing member being liquid impermeable;

an adhesive member for removably attaching said sealing member to the undergarments of the user, said adhesive member being fixedly coupled to said back side of said sealing member, said adhesive member having an adhesive side being directed away from said sealing member, said adhesive member covering a substantial portion of a surface of said back side of said sealing member;

wherein the perimeter of said base panel lies generally in a plane, and wherein portions of said base panel lateral to said upstanding member curve upwardly from the bottom side of the upstanding member such that an uppermost tip of the upstanding member lies generally in the plane of said perimeter; and wherein a height is defined between the bottom surface of said base panel and the uppermost tip of said upstanding member, and a width is defined between opposite points on said perimeter in the plane of said perimeter, and said height is approximately one-quarter of said width.

Cancel claim 9.